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SECRET

FILE NO.

SUBJECT

Comments by Mr. John H. Howard on the First

SCAG Conference

TO AFSA-OOT

FROM AFSA-03

DATE 16 July 1951

COMMENT NO. 1

8. Kullback/60256

1. Mr. Zenner of Teletype could undoubtedly be of assistance to AFSA in its program. When SCAG considers it desirable to expand its membership, Mr. Zenner could be considered.

- 2. Without adequate means for correlating masses of data and locating available information on the subject, the organization is in effect suffering from loss of memory. The general problem of daily handling and processing raw material is a subject which is under examination by AFSA. We must not expect that such scanning devices will necessarily replace the hunches and guesses of the cryptanalysts. An important aspect of the problem, or at least an important aspect of the problem from AFSA's point of view, is what to coordinate and what to look for, quite a difference from the "library" problem.
- 3. Comments with respect to electronic rotors should have been answered by the recent SCAG meeting.

J. S. HARPER

Captain, U. S. Navy Chief of AFSA-03

Encl - 1
AFSA-00 memo of 28 Jun 51
w/l encl

Declassified and approved for release by NSA on 04-02-2014 pursuant to E.O. 1352

Office Memorandum 1. Mr. Walt Jenner of Teletype could undoubtedly be of assistance to A FSA in its program. I am not wholly in accord though mid the basis of such a contribution as mentioned by John. Howard. 2. machine for correlating masses of data and information are receded but they will never replace the usight

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMEN hunches and guesses of the cryptanalyst. The problem is what to re sord and what to look for - quite a difference from the "Library" or " Cataloguing problem. 3. He electronic rotor phase will be answered the 10 July meeting SCERET Hau wach

Office Memorandum DATE. 16 July SUBJECT: John Howards hl of 6/6/51 1. Suggests get me Walter Zenna, of 77%, to Kulfon printer and on problems of intercepting, forwarding, extering and prinching large marring data into tapes or card. 2. Mechanised ands for the organization, Correlation storage and retrieval of cryptanaly his and intelligence data: Howard Kuls then area is reglected. helien Prof Perry of MIT is hulfwy (1A) on a phoney this problem : peliens AFSA con help

Office Memorandum SUBJECT: Bush Rapid Selector CAA minople Selector Some special IBM development sporrow by Am. Chem Soc. Punched coul Committe headelly frof Perry

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 3. Electronic Plator Howard believes brute for ce representations by a 1,000 point Matrix is a poor & funtelessation Doneis that afra has gotten beyond this point Situation needed really hot willer -Suggests a symposium of 10 or 20 perentents be given the problem - Possibly some one could come up with an idea -4. Pse prepar 03 comments

REF ID: A66409 SECRET 5 July Fram: AFSA 34 To : AFSA 03 Subject: SCAG, John Howards Comments on I. The subject of printes is an extensive one, and are which AFSA needs to Smow all that can be broduction purposes. Zemes sounds.

Libre a valuable adjunct To-SCAG. 2. The vetresal of information is a subject close to my own heart. As AFSA grows it suffer more and. more from bos of memory. If it were magically possible to correlate add retraine all our information we could do with 10 To of the present personnel and do is aimed at a special version of this type of problem, that in which the information is generated and middles in the course of the solution. A serious difficulty in realizing this magic is that of getting the van data into a mechanish smedium, such only slow progress an thinkroblem.

Some of the version of the retrieval -problem are not amenable to NOMAD. These include the traffic analysis problem, and the intelligence digestion of AFSA 25. There are methods known.

Ifor dealing with problems, but importantly

They are good only for files with relatively.

Constant data. Our file continually changes Some of the impressive achievements of AFSA have in the past been due to astounding. feats of mental Correlation in the part of some of markers For Hample, people have remembered seeing and cipher digroups elsouting and comparing the two have verified that they were busts. As the data gets. large this becomes increasingly 3 On wired wheel representations. Mansparque

AFSA-00/wn Serial:

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28 JUN 1951

Mr. John	H. Howard	

PL 86-36/50 US

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Dear John:

I am very thankful for your letter of 6 June, and particularly pleased to learn of your favorable reaction to the first SCAG meeting.

I have made note of your high opinion concerning Walt Zenner of Teletype in connection with printers. I shall discuss the possibility with Captain Wenger of utilizing him as you suggest. From what you have said, I agree that he might be of real help in advising us. I have also made note concerning Zenner's brother at Armour Institute who is the expert on magnetic recording.

Under separate cover I am returning several pamphlets and papers which you so kindly sent me. I have kept the copy of Mr. Coleman's talk on "Electronics for Business — Luxury or Necessity?". I read his paper this morning with considerable interest and enlightenment. Many thanks to you for sending me all of that material.

In order to tie in more closely the common interests of AFSA and CIA, I am arranging to have a permanent representative from CIA meet with SCAG. At this time, I do not know who will be nominated by CIA, but I have requested that he be technically qualified to participate in SCAG discussions.

In order to get started on the group in SCAG to form a "Board of Visitors", I am submitting the nomination of Rear Admiral Joseph R. Redman, U.S. Navy (Retired), to the Chairman, Research and Development Board, with a request that he be invited to become a member. I shall endeavor soon to nominate some other men to serve in this capacity also, and very much appreciate the list of names you previously sent me. I do not believe we will be able actually to organize the Board for an inspection tour of AFSA while I am here, but I would think we could get started on that matter early in the fall. In any case, I intend to mention it for discussion at the next meeting of SCAG.

I am having extracts of your letter of 6 June typed in order to distribute the important ideas which you have presented to those persons in AFSA who are in a position to consider them seriously with a view to action, as may be practicable.

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28 JUN 1951

I am looking forward to our next SCAG meeting, which will be the last one I shall be able to attend. I hope to have SCAG firmly established after that meeting and the various members ready to assist AFSA in various important ways. I am sure that SCAG is a very worthwhile idea and personally have no doubt that its members will contribute a very great deal in the future.

With all good wishes, I remain

Sincerely yours,

EARL E. STONE
Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy
Director, Armed Forces Security Agency

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RADM Earl E. Stone/wm/28Jun5l. AFSA-00, Ext 60528

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28 JUN 1951

MEMORANDUM FOR: AFS4-00B

AFSA-OOC

AF84-02 AF8A-03

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SUBJECT: Comments by Mr. John M. Howard on the First SCAG Conference

- The enclosure is a partial copy of a letter I received from Mr. Haward. Flease consider with a view to appropriate action, as may be practicable and desirable.
 - 2. Forward any ecoments on this matter to AFSA-OOT for coordination.

REF ID NEW YORK TO SEE THE SECOND SEC

Earl E. Stone

Reclosure - 1 Fartial copy of itr from Mr. John H. Howard to MrAFSA

EARL E. STONE
Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy
Director, Armed Forces Security Agency

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Copy to: AFRA-11 AFRA-007

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June 0, 1951

Admiral E.E. Stone, Director Armed Forces Security Agency Department of Defense Washington 25, D.C.

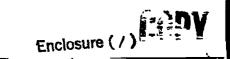
Dear Admiral Stone:

I want to thank you for Monday and Tuesday of this week -two days that will be the highlight of my life for many years
to come. I have always been proud of "my old outfit", but not
as much as I was this week when the importance of the work you
are doing was reaffirmed, and the tremendous progress you have
made in the past few years was evident. I was particularly
impressed by the presentations by Captain Wenger, Andy Gleason
and Frank Raven. I was fearful before I came that the advisory
group might be difficult to manage because of its mixture of
angineering, mathematical and management people, but it certainly
went smoothly and was one of the best managed affairs I ever
attended. In any case, I, who might be expected to be somewhat
blase, was impressed and I know from personal reports that men
such as McPherson and Shannon were overwhelmed.

A number of points occurred to me during the conference but I will mention only a few here. I was quite interested in Frank Raven's presentation on the reconstruction of the printer characteristics and its tendency to stutter. At that time my thoughts turned to Walt Zenner of Teletype who probably knows more about printers than anyone else in the world.

I believe that he has designed and built literally hundreds of experimental printers of all types -- wheel, basket, sector, etc. I wondered if he might not be of real help in studying the evidence and helping reconstruct the actual machine. I believe he had a lot to do with the design and production of the E.C.M. and other machines of this type so he should be a real expert on wired-wheel cipher machines. In addition, he developed many of the new Teletype products in operation (such as the Model 28 high speed system) or still under development (such as the teletype tape punch Joe Eachus has on loan that punches 60 columns per second). Consequently, he might be of real help in advising your activity regarding its massive problem of intercepting, forwarding, editing and punching the large masses of data into tapes or cards.





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Zenner impresses me as having the type of mind that would take naturally to dryptanalytic problems. He is more of a planner and thinker than a production engineer. He used to be the "Engineer of Product Development" (same as Chief Engineer) but has been promoted to a long-range planning job having the title "Development and Research Consultant". Hr. M.T. Coets (who is obviously more of a production driver) is now Engineer of Product Development. The way I read the situation at Teletype, Goets is very busy and couldn't do a job for you, whereas Zenner has been relieved of most administrative responsibility and might be free to spend considerable time on your problems. Dave Whitelock knows these men much better than I do and you might want to talk to him -- but I do know he has a very high regard for Zenner. Incidentally, Zenner's brother is the man at Armor Institute who is the expert on magnetic recording and who might be associated with Project NCHAD.

My second point has to do with mechanised aids for the erganisation, correlation, storage and retrieval of eryptanalytic and intelligence data. It has seemed to me for some time that here is a neglected area in which real progress might be made and in which powerful tools for use both in AFSA and CIA might be developed. I have been following the work of Professor Perry at MIT for a number of years and I suspect but do not know for sure, that he is now making a study for CIA regarding coding and organisation of intelligence information. He is not strong en mechanisation aspects, in my opinion, and I am wondering if AFSA might not take the initiative regarding the development of equipment for both itself and CIA because of its vast experience in the development and progurement of equipment of a similar mature. At least AFSA might offer its services to CIA in an advisory capacity if that agency intends to Raunch into a development program. I am being frank with you in this secret letter because I realise you may or may not want me to bring up this subject in the SCAG committee because of AFSA-GIA relationships (about which I have no knewledge).

In order that you and your staff may have an idea of what I have in mind, I am enclosing two reprints which I would like to have returned when convenient. Past developments have followed along the lines of Keysort (edge notch) and IBM punched sards, the Bush Rapid Selector, the ERA Microfilm Delector, Calvin Mooer's Zato coding, and some special IBM developments that I believe Dr. Eachus has seen at Poughkeepsie. The latter was sponsored by the Am. Chem. Society Punched Card Committee under Professor Perry. (See page 755 of enclosed reprint). I



believe IBM has this development working satisfactorily but will not make a move toward announcing it publicly or making the machines because of their special nature. A news release in the Chemical and Engr. News of October 30, 1950, page 3789, says that IBM has developed a new type of machine in conjunction with the Committee for Scientific Aids for Literature Searching, that it was hoped that a demonstration would be held in October and that it would be of two types; i.e., (1) Searching of published papers and (2) Correlation of data. I hear that a closed demonstration was held before the committee but that IBM hasn't budged since because of policy involved.

You may not be clear as to what this information storage. carrelation and retrieval has to do with AFSA's problems in meneral and the major SCAG problem in particular. It is this, in my thinking. As your people get further and further into a problem they accumulate a large mass of data, information, hunches, busts, etc. Much of this wass of data is uncorrelated --and it is the genius of someone like Frank Raven that can absorb multitudinous incidental facts -- make shrewd guesses and somehow put various apparently unrelated pieces of information together and come up with the answer. As we saw the other day. even the individual operating habits of enemy communication elerks may be studied and used to advantage. If you accept this as a fair statement of the problem, then you may see my interest in mechanized mids to help with this process -- and present punched card and electronic equipment you now have are not appropriate for this job. It seems to me that this is a general problem facing both AFSA and CIA that might well be attacked en a broad basis by SCAG -- the mathematicians considering methods for classifying and coding intelligence information (and later its semi-automatic correlation) and the engineers consider ways of mechanisation of the processes developed by the mathematicians.

I would like to point out the large amount of work that has been going on in the library field along this line. Unfortunately, it is a very very difficult job to classify all human knowledge as we so bravely started out to do in the Bush Library Selector, but it may be practical to classify intelligence data about specific eigher machines and their usage for eryptanalytic purposes.

My third point has to do with the problem of the electronic rotor. I have thought about this problem for many years without success. I have come to the conclusion that brute force representation by a 1,000 point matrix (or so) is a peor and fruitless solution. I couldn't tell from the presentations the other day if AFGA had gotten beyond this point but I doubt it. This is a situation which needs a really hot idea — the application of some physical phonomenon to simulate the action of the rotor

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directly. If this is a real problem for which you do not see a solution as yet, I think it might pay to organise a symposium of 10 to 20 trueted scientists from various backgrounds and describe the need for high speed rotors to them. Such a disclosure need not go into cryptanalysis and might be kept on a COMFIDENTIAL or SECRET level. Maybe one of these men will draw on some unrelated experience in atomic energy, optics, microwaves, etc. -- bridge the gap and come up with a new basic concept. I don't know whather I think so much of this last idea because it is such a gamble -- but if the situation becomes desperate, it might be worthwhile.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ John H. Howard